Singular Levi-flat hypersurfaces (5)

Jiří Lebl

Departemento pri Matematiko de Oklahoma Ŝtata Universitato

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A real (resp. complex) subvariety *X* of an open set $U \subset \mathbb{R}^n$ (resp. \mathbb{C}^n) is a set locally given by vanishing of a set of real-analytic (resp. holomorphic) functions

 $X_{reg} \subset X$ is the set of regular points (where *X* is an analytic manifold), $X_{sing} = X \setminus X_{reg}$.

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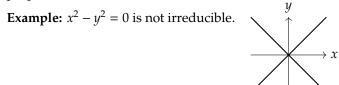
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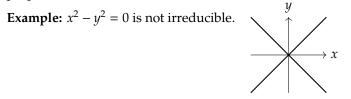
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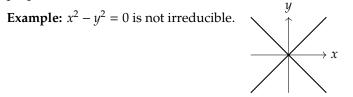
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Question: Did anybody get the "one defining function" exercise?



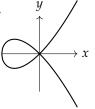


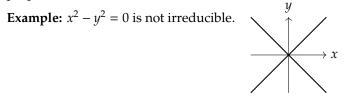
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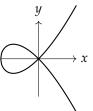


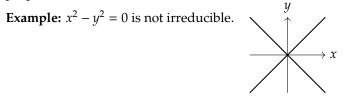


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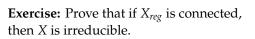
Exercise: Prove that if X_{reg} is connected, then *X* is irreducible.





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Remark: For complex subvarieties, X_{reg} being connected is equivalent to being irreducible. Not so for real subvarieties (example above).

x

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Exercise: Prove that $x^2 - y^3$ is a defining function for the cusp at every point.

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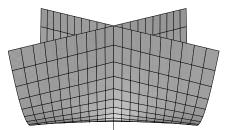
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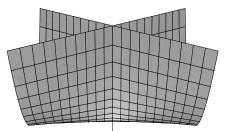
The issues surrounding complexification are extremely subtle. Mainly, the complexification at one point may not be used at another point (an example coming up).

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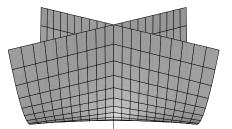
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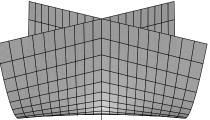


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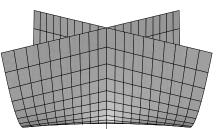
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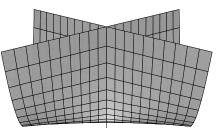
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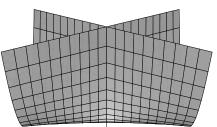
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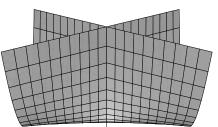
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Complex subvarieties do not have such issues and are coherent: Near every point we can find a set of defining functions that also work at all nearby points. Depending on *U*, perhaps even one global set of defining functions.

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Put another way: $T_p^{(1,0)}X \oplus T_p^{(0,1)}X = \mathbb{C} \otimes T_p\Sigma_p(X, U).$

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Exercise: Prove that *X* is Levi-flat at regular points (outside the origin).