

Mid Semestral Examination
MA4103
Instructor: Dr. Soumya Bhattacharya

The maximum number of points which you may score is 20. Please justify your answers completely. No points will be given for answers lacking justification.

- Problem 1.** 1. Prove or disprove: If $R[X]$ is a PID, then R is necessarily a field.
2. Let R be a commutative ring with identity such that every element $r \in R$ satisfies

$$r^n = r$$

for some $n > 1$. Show that every prime ideal in R is maximal.

3. Let $R = \mathbb{Z}/4\mathbb{Z}$. Determine all the units in the ring $R[x]$.

(3 + 4 + 5)

Problem 2. Let R be an integral domain and let M be a module over R .

1. Let M_1, N_1, M_2 and N_2 be submodules of M with $M_1 \cap M_2 = \{0\}$, $N_1 \subseteq M_1$ and $N_2 \subseteq M_2$. Show that

$$(M_1 \oplus M_2)/(N_1 \oplus N_2) \simeq (M_1/N_1) \oplus (M_2/N_2).$$

2. Let M_1 and M_2 be two submodules of M such that $M_1 \cup M_2$ is also a submodule of M . Show that either $M_1 \subseteq M_2$ or $M_2 \subseteq M_1$.

3. Let M a free module of rank n . Let S be a minimal set of generators of M over R . Is it possible for S to have more than n elements?

4. Let R be a PID and let M be finitely generated over R . Let $I \subseteq \text{rad } R$ be such that

$$I(\text{Tor } M) = \text{Tor } M.$$

Show that M is a free module.

5. Every abelian group G is naturally a \mathbb{Z} -module. Can this action be extended to make G into a \mathbb{Q} -module?

(3 + 3 + 2 + 4 + 2)

Soumya Bhattacharya