

**MA5103: Topics in Networks**  
**End Semester Examination**  
**Autumn Semester 2018**

**Time : 3h.**

**Answer all the questions.**

1. Let  $A$  be an adjacency matrix of an un-weighted network  $G$ . Show that the  $(i, j)$ -th element of  $A^r$ , (for  $r \geq 1$ ) is the number of walks of length  $r$  from node  $i$  to node  $j$ . [20]
2. Express, (i) clustering coefficient (ii) transitivity (iii) vertex degree centrality (iv) vertex betweenness centrality (v) edge betweenness centrality, by an adjacency matrix of a network. [20]
3. If  $G(N, p)$  is a E-R random network, then find its transitivity. [15]
4. Let  $G$  be a network with  $n$  nodes. If the clustering coefficient of  $G$  is zero, then show that  $G$  can not have more than  $n^2/4$  edges. [15]
5. Define cosine similarity between two nodes and show that the cosine similarity between nodes  $i$  and  $j$  is  $\frac{n_{ij}}{\sqrt{d_i d_j}}$ , where  $n_{ij}$  is the number of common neighbors of  $i$  and  $j$  and  $d_i$  is the degree of  $i$ . [15]
6. Let  $A$  be the adjacency matrix of a network  $G$  (un-weighted and un-directed) with  $n$  nodes. Show that  $\text{cov}(A_i, A_j) = \sum_k A_{ik} A_{kj} - \frac{d_i d_j}{n}$ , where  $d_i$  is the degree of the node  $i$ , and  $A_i$  is the  $i$ -th row of  $A$ . [15]
7. Show that the degree assortativity coefficient of a network  $G$  with  $m$  edges is

$$r = \frac{\sum_{ij} (A_{ij} - d_i d_j / 2m) d_i d_j}{\sum_{ij} (d_i d_{ij} - d_i d_j / 2m) d_i d_j},$$

where  $d_i$  is the degree of node  $i$  and  $A$  is the adjacency matrix of  $G$ . Describe the significance when  $r$  is equal to  $-1, 0$  and  $1$ . [25+10]

8. Let  $G$  be an undirected network without any cycle and  $n_1, \dots, n_r$  be the number of nodes of the connected components emerge by deleting a node  $v$  of  $G$ . Show that the vertex betweenness centrality of  $v$  is  $n^2 - \sum_{i=1}^r n_i^2$ , where  $n$  is the number of nodes of  $G$ . [15]
9. Construct the differential equations for SIRS model. What will be the corresponding differential equations when this model is applied on a network which has adjacency matrix  $A$ ? [25+25]

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