

**Mid Semestral Examination**  
MA4103  
Instructor: Dr. Soumya Bhattacharya

The maximum number of points which you may score is 20. Please justify your answers completely. No points will be given for answers lacking justification.

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- Problem 1.** 1. Prove or disprove: If  $R[X]$  is a PID, then  $R$  is necessarily a field.  
2. Let  $R$  be a commutative ring with identity such that every element  $r \in R$  satisfies

$$r^n = r$$

for some  $n > 1$ . Show that every prime ideal in  $R$  is maximal.

3. Let  $R = \mathbb{Z}/4\mathbb{Z}$ . Determine all the units in the ring  $R[x]$ .

(3 + 4 + 5)

**Problem 2.** Let  $R$  be an integral domain and let  $M$  be a module over  $R$ .

1. Let  $M_1, N_1, M_2$  and  $N_2$  be submodules of  $M$  with  $M_1 \cap M_2 = \{0\}$ ,  $N_1 \subseteq M_1$  and  $N_2 \subseteq M_2$ . Show that

$$(M_1 \oplus M_2)/(N_1 \oplus N_2) \simeq (M_1/N_1) \oplus (M_2/N_2).$$

2. Let  $M_1$  and  $M_2$  be two submodules of  $M$  such that  $M_1 \cup M_2$  is also a submodule of  $M$ . Show that either  $M_1 \subseteq M_2$  or  $M_2 \subseteq M_1$ .

3. Let  $M$  a free module of rank  $n$ . Let  $S$  be a minimal set of generators of  $M$  over  $R$ . Is it possible for  $S$  to have more than  $n$  elements?

4. Let  $R$  be a PID and let  $M$  be finitely generated over  $R$ . Let  $I \subseteq \text{rad } R$  be such that

$$I(\text{Tor } M) = \text{Tor } M.$$

Show that  $M$  is a free module.

5. Every abelian group  $G$  is naturally a  $\mathbb{Z}$ -module. Can this action be extended to make  $G$  into a  $\mathbb{Q}$ -module?

(3 + 3 + 2 + 4 + 2)

*Soumya Bhattacharya*