

Indian Institute of Science Education & Research Kolkata

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Final Examination - MA<sub>4206</sub>  
Algebraic Topology

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2<sup>nd</sup> May 2019

10-12:30 p.m.

INSTRUCTIONS

This is a closed-book exam.

- The examination is scored out of 50 points.
- The exam has **THREE** questions and a **BONUS** question.
- Any score exceeding 50 will be counted as 50.
- Write clearly and with mathematical justification. Arguments lacking rigour will receive no credit.

Good luck!

*Ans*  
2<sup>nd</sup> May 2019

**Problem 1** This question concerns covering spaces and covering maps.

(i) [3 points] Give a precise definition of the fundamental group  $\pi_1(X, x_0)$  of a based space  $(X, x_0)$ .

(i) [5 points] Consider the equivalence relation on  $S^3$  that identifies  $(w, x, y, z)$  with  $(-w, -x, -y, -z)$ . Show that the quotient space is Hausdorff and path-connected.

(ii) [8 points] Show that if  $X$  is path-connected, then  $\pi_1(X, x_0)$  and  $\pi_1(X, x_1)$  are isomorphic. Give a counterexample when  $X$  is not path-connected.

(iii) [9 points] Let  $p : \tilde{X} \rightarrow X$  be a covering map such that  $|p^{-1}(x)|$  is finite for any  $x \in X$ . Show that  $\tilde{X}$  is Hausdorff if and only if  $X$  is Hausdorff.

**Problem 2** This question concerns lifting properties.

(i) [3 points] Define the homotopy lifting property for a map  $\pi : \tilde{X} \rightarrow X$ .

(ii) [5 points] Show that if  $\pi : (\tilde{X}, \tilde{x}_0) \rightarrow (X, x_0)$  is a covering, then a nullhomotopic loop in  $X$  based at  $x_0$  always lifts to a loop in  $\tilde{X}$ .

**Problem 3** This question concerns Seifert-van Kampen's Theorem and computations of fundamental groups.

(i) [3 points] State Seifert-van Kampen's Theorem with an explanation of the relevant term(s).

(i) [10 points] Let  $K$  be a compact subset of  $\mathbb{R}^3$  and  $x_0 \in \mathbb{R}^3 - K$ . Show that the inclusion  $\iota : \mathbb{R}^3 - K \hookrightarrow S^3 - K$  induces an isomorphism of fundamental groups  $\iota_* : \pi_1(\mathbb{R}^3 - K, x_0) \rightarrow \pi_1(S^3 - K, x_0)$ . [You may use the fact higher dimensional spheres are simply connected.]

(ii) [7 points] Consider the map  $P : \mathbb{C} - \{0\} \rightarrow \mathbb{C} - \{1\}$ ,  $P(z) = z^2 + 1$ . Compute the map  $P_*$  at the level of fundamental groups. [You are free to choose the basepoints of your liking. However, if you are using explicit generators, then state clearly what these loops are at the outset.]

**Bonus Problem [6 points]** For a positive integer  $n \geq 3$ , let  $X_n$  be the quotient space obtained from the closed unit disk  $\mathbb{D}^2$  by identifying  $z \in \partial\mathbb{D}^2$  with  $e^{\frac{2\pi i}{n}} z$ .

(a) Compute the fundamental group of  $X_n$ .

(b) Show that  $X_n$  is not a surface.